1897–98.

Previous references.

~~No.~~ 241 of 96-97
03. Sls 1–6

File No. ~~2~~ 27 of ~~1897–98~~

Serial Nos. 1–6

(L ~~100~~ R.)

Later references.

Rev 125-06

Rev 126-25-8(1-9)

~~GENERAL AND~~ REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos. 1–6

Mayor ~~Part B.~~ for Novr 1903

SUBJECT.

Grant of ~~certain~~ Gomal lands for cultivation in the Kayamgutta village of Sulekuppe in the Kunigal Taluk Tumkur Dt

Indexed

GG

G. R. S. 58

Mysore Dewan's office

ROUTINE NOTES.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc.]

Correspondence ending with No. 738 dated 11th April 1901, from the Deputy Comr, Tumkur District

A

In letter No. 195 dated 24th August 1897, the Dy Comr reported that the Holder of the Kayemgutta village of 'Yelkuppe' in the Kunigal Taluk, which Survey Settlement had been extended, having applied for the assessment of certain numbers set apart at the Settlement for Gomal, in order that he might give them out for purposes of cultivation, the Sur: Supdt was written to for the needful being done in the matter and that the latter stated that the sanction of Govt was required for the appropriation of the Gomal Nos for purposes of cultivation in the same manner as in Govt villages. The Dy Comr solicited instructions as to whether the Kayemgutteadar's application should not be complied with without regard to any objection that may be raised by the villagers thereto and whether

D

N.B.—Should notes, etc., be written on small slips the notes must be copied, or the slips passed on this form.

Mukundgh Consolidation
195

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

D

It is practically inexpedient to demarcate for reserved (this) Mukundgh Common of the land is to be opened by the T. Supt. I do not think that he can do so without the express permission & sanction of Govt. As he has remarked we do so it must be conceded that the Govt can enter into the merits of the question upon granting such permission - In the present case it seems desirable to make further enquiries as to whether the Kangumpoor Halla is quite distant any of his proposed waste lands for purposes of village pasturage as it is on the ground that they are not suited for cultivation that application is made by the villagers for land. What is the number of cattle exclusive of sheep & goats?

9.1.07

Draft accepted
4/1/07. Draft
27/1/07

19/1/07.

Note Contd.

Orders as above were communicated to the Dy Comr in this office No. 5727/R1954 of 5. 2. 01.

The Dy Comr's report* in reply is as follows:-

"* * , From the Amildar's report,* which gives cover to the Kayemguttadar's statement,* made on the 25th Ultimo, it would appear that he is not willing to set apart any of the Kharab Nos as Gomal; that there are no unculitivable waste numbers in the village; that the two assessed Nos 77 and 78, which are unoccupied, are cultivable waste and is cannot therefore be set apart for grazing purposes, and that 7 Kharab Nos viz:, 12, 17, 50, 81, 84, 90 and 91, measuring in all 50 acres and 35 guntas,

* Letter No. 938 of 11.4.01 Sl No 3

* S. No 23 of the ver: papers.

* S. No 14 of the ver: papers.

have already been set apart for free grazing."

"The Kayenigutladar now prays that out of the two Gomal Nos, which he at first wished to have assessed viz. 29 and 73, the former may be caused to be assessed, as for the past 4 or 5 years, he has given it out for cultivation temporarily, the latter No. being retained as Gomal."

"There are in the village 290 head of cattle, besides 60 sheep and 560 goats."

The extent of Gomal Sur. No. 29, proposed to be assessed, is $32\text{-}9^{A\ G}$ and that of Gomal No. 73, now proposed to be retained as Gomal is $38\text{-}26^{A\ G}$. The lands ~~avoid~~ available for the village cattle

cattle are Sur: No 73 and the 7 Kharab Nos measuring in all A 50 - G 35 ×, which the Kayamgutadar states are not sold for Hulbanni yearly but are left for the free-grazing of the village cattle.

38-26. Sur No 73.
50-35 Kharab Nos
89-21. Total.

Submitted Secretary

With Corr: Nos
With letter No: 760 D
3d May 1900 from the
Supdt of Rev Surv: in
Mysore, in which the
~~Issue~~ general question is involved.

× 5th No 5 Rev Rules
File No 241 of 1896-97

as regards Inamdars' powers &

VL
24/4/01.

The question seems to have been considered from all points of view in these papers. Some order has to be passed by Govt — finally.

One view only does not seem to have been considered yet. It is assumed that rights of free grazing should be ensured for ryots in inam villages in the same manner as in Govt villages.

(Continued in fr. 8).

Mr. Iyasarajanyar will please study this question whether any new rule in the Rev. Rules applies to it. If not, it may be submitted with a note at the time when the appropriate rule comes into Consideration.

24/4

Sd/- [illegible]

I am afraid there is no rule in the revised L R Rules bearing upon the point

Sd/- 2/5/21.

But it has to be observed that Govt hardly recognises the right of the villagers as such. It is held that the ryots have no such right as to prevent Govt from appropriating lands for other purposes even against their wishes. When Govt deals with its own villages, there is no likelihood that its interests will be overlooked by its officers; but when dealing with alienated villages, there is a chance of the inamdar's interest being always only the second consideration.

The best solution seems to me somewhat as follows:

If Govt leaves the matter altogether to the civil Courts, there is a danger of free grazing lands altogether disappearing, as the ryots

with in many Cases be
poor, ignorant or disin-
nited. Govt sanction should
be insisted on - and if
necessary legalised by amend-
ment of the Rules. In granting
Govt sanction, (1) the survey
allotment should be pre-
sumed to be based on pre-
existing usage. (2) The sanc-
tion should be granted for
fresh Cultivation as a matter
of Course, if the remaining
fornal land is of the same
extent as obtains as the aver
rage of the surrounding Sar
kar villages. Both the
Inamdar and the ~~the~~ any of the Ryots
affected should have
rights to contest the validity
of Govt award in a Civil
Court by suit between them-
selves - within the period
of limitation.

Submitted to the CD
Councillor

8/5/1907

RD 9/5/07
Mudgere.
424

It will suffice
if one rule that in
villages in which a
detailed survey settlement has been

introduced and land set apart for free grazing the previous orders of Govt shall be obtained before such land free grazing are allowed to be given out for cultivation. In deciding questions relating to granting such land to Mamul or Jodi or Kayamgutta villages which have been settled Govt will be guided by the same rules or practice as has been prescribed for Govt villages

K Jagadeeswara Rao
Print

11/8/1901

Draft submd.
15.8.01

Note Continued.

A draft according to the foregoing orders was prepared and submitted for approval

to the Dewan, who ordered as follows :—

"This imposes a great liability on the Inamdars concerned. Cannot the Bombay practice be ascertained?"

~~Social A. 7~~ A

The matter was referred to Mr. Thyagaraja Iyer, Asst. Secretary, who recorded the following note :—

"I. Please see Bombay G.R. No. 5730 of 1.10.81, S.R. No. 7045 of 23.11.81 and G.R. No. 959 of 10.2.82, abstracted under Section 74 on page 88 of Sathé's L.R. Code (Edition of 1894).

It appears from these —

1) That the holder of a settled alienated village can give out unoccupied lands for cultivation without reference to Govt. Rev. Officers

2) That he cannot however accept relinquishments unless he is invested with

Read.-

Correspondence ending with letter No. 938 dated 11th April 1901, from the Dy Comr, Tumkur District, soliciting instructions as to whether ~~the~~ sanction of Govt is necessary in cases where the holder of an alienated village, to which Survey and settlement has been introduced, wishes to appropriate for cultivation purposes lands set apart at the Survey Settlement for gomal and reporting that the Kayamgutta-dar of Sulekuppe in the Kunigal Taluk prays that Surv: No. 29 measuring A. 32-G. 9 (Gomal) of the said village may be caused to be assessed

Subd

No orders have been passed on this point.

Order thereon:-

The Dy Comr is referred

12

referred to G. O. No.
dated August 1901,
wherein it has been
laid down that the
sanction of Govt is
necessary in ~~the~~ such cases.
~~in question~~.

1898

Secretary.

To.
The Dy Comr, Tumkur
District, returning
vernacular papers.

Read again :-

Govt Pro: No 3363/R1063 dated 28th September 1897, requesting the Supdt of Revenue Survey in Mysore to give his opinion on the question whether Govt sanction is necessary to the appropriation of Gomal lands for cultivation purposes in alienated villages.

Print in extenso.

Read :-

(1) Letter No 267 of 28th October 1897, from the Supdt of Revenue Survey in Mysore, stating that the sanction of Govt is necessary in the cases in question.

—Do—

(2) This office No 7285/R2418 dated 11th April 1900, requesting the Supdt of Rev: Survey to express his opinion on certain points raised further in the matter.

—Do—

(3) Letter No 760 of 3.5.00

—Do—

from

from the Supdt of Revenue Survey, reporting on the subject.

— o —

Order thereon:-

Having given the subject their best consideration, Govt are pleased to direct that in alienated villages in which a detailed survey and settlement has been introduced and lands set apart for free grazing, the previous orders of Govt shall be obtained before such free grazing lands are allowed to be given out for cultivation. In deciding questions of granting such lands for alteration whether in full relating to Inam, or Jodi or Kayamgutta villages, which have been thus settled, Govt will be guided by

the

8/5

the same rules or pr
as ~~are applied has been hereto~~
Govt villages.

Print HM 7/8/98
Secretary

As this lays down a new rule, I believe it has to be approved by the Dewan. HM 19/8/1901

To the Dewan.

1705
19/8/01.

N
To 15/8/01
The Supdt of Revenue Survey in Mysore
The Deputy Commrs
Districts

"or
Mis umbrages a
locality - on the
boundary -
the boundary pra
be ascertained

Early 30. III. or
(From Book
HM leases)

Consult also Mr. Jagga
Rajangam. HM

8/3

Submitted.

Sathe's Land Rev. Code referred to, but nothing on the s was found in it.
HMC
24/5/02.

Forwarded to Mr. Jagganna
Asst Secretary 24/5/02

See Bombay G. R No

5/10/81 & G. R No 7045

3/11/81 & G R No 959

10/2/82, abstracted under Sec^n 74

v/p 88 of Satara's L-R-Code

of 1894)

appears from there

that the holder of ~~a~~ settled

hereditary village can

lie out unoccupied lands

cultivation without

reference to Govt rev officers

that he cannot however

accept relinquishments

which he is invested

with powers under Sec^n

4(e) (of Bombay L-R. Code

corresponding to Sec^n 99(e) of Mysore code)

the case of Communal lands,

peculiarity is that

they are unassessed

and the holder cannot fix the assessment at pleasure; as in case, if the lands in question were assessed unoccupied lands. The holder can dispose of them, under the above ruling, without reference to the Govt. rev officers

II. A reference may however be made to Govt for guidance regarding the Boundary practice, as Sathe's book is 4 years old

26/5/02

Dr Sir,

Inform Asst to the Secretary

The inferior holder defaults the D.C. can withgrant assistance only to a limited extent under Sec 97 & 98 of the Mysore L.R. Code

The latest information

Please write to the Supdt R.S.

27/7

Transfer

with powers of section 88(c) of the Bombay L. R. Code, corresponding to section 99(c) of Mysore Code.

In the case of gomal lands the peculiarity is that they are unassessed and the holder cannot fix the assessment at pleasure, as in case the inferior holder defaults, the Dy. Comr will grant assistance only to a limited extent under sections 97 & 98 of the Mysore Land Rev: Code. If the lands in question were assessed unoccupied lands, the holder can dispose of them under the above ruling without reference to the Govt Rev: Officers.

II. A reference may however be made to Col Grant for the latest information regarding the Bombay practice, as Sathe's book is 8 years old."

According to this suggestion, the Supdt of Rev: Survey was written to. Please see this office No. R 784 of

Serial No 4 & 9

The Survey Supt's reply, contained in his letter dt^d 164 of 23. 9. 1902, is to the following effect :—

1. In Bombay, the Inamdar sometimes when he wishes to have a commission under Section 88 (Section 99 of the Bupon L. R. Code), enters into an agreement with the Govt to levy only the rates fixed by the Survey. The legal effect of such an agreement between the Inamdar & the Govt is doubtful when a third party comes in. But in a village, whose Inamdar has entered into such an agreement, the mamlatdar in suits instituted by the Inamdar decrees only the Survey rates; and the Inamdar would also be liable to have his commission cancelled if he did not observe the agreement. In Bombay, therefore, the question of an Inamdar's right to let out the waste lands of his village at other than Survey rates is not free from doubt

2. In Bombay, Govt sanction is not required to give out gomal

lands for cultivation even in Govt. villages. This power is exercised by the Comr. The Survey Supt (Col Grant) is informed that when the Code is amended, this power will be exercised by the Collectors.

3. Neither in Bombay nor in Mysore are the rights of an inamdar in regard to dealing with the gomal or unoccupied lands of his village, clearly laid down. Please see page 212 of Gokhé's L. R. Code.

4. If the Inamdar be allowed to let out gomal lands at his pleasure and if on the other hand the raiyats cannot obtain unoccupied lands for cultivation, the position of the raiyats in an inam village will be different from that of the raiyats in a Govt. village, which is against section 237 of the L. R. Code. Moreover, according to section 119, any change in the village records will have to be made with the knowledge of the Dy Comrs and all

lands allotted for free pasturage in Inam villages, are duly recorded at the introduction of the Survey Settlement.

May a General order issue as proposed by the 1st Councillor on 11.8.01.

(To be submitted to the Dewan.)

Subd to the Secretary
7/10/02

To the Dewan.
9/10/1902

Dispm 9.10.02 6571

8vo

I shall be glad to know if the 1st Councillor has any additional light to throw on the matter which is very important

24.X.02

To the 1st Councillor.
26/10/1902

R. 27/10/02 7 PM. 565

I have nothing to add. But the Secretariat might have consulted Col: Grant through me.
28/10/02 V. P. M

It was only an enquiry made on the Secretary's responsibility before the Vth Councillor became the Rev. Commr. [illegible]
28/10

To the Dewan

6924
R 29.4.02

0614. This is a very important question and the order proposed by the 1st Councillor is equal to a revocation which the papers ought to go before the II nd Councillor for the favour of his opinion.

14. III. 03

16/3

Submitted 2nd Councillor

16/3/03

C. 103
Rd 16.3.1903

Please see typed memo attached
16/3/03

9376/27.8.03 To the Dewan
27/8/3

27/8/03

Grant for cultivation of Gomal lands in Inamdar Villages

I am unable to agree with the first Councillor about the order proposed to be issued. I do not think this is a case for Government interference, except in regard to the determination of the rate of assessment. Gomal land is land the assessment of which is held in abeyance till such time as it is required for purposes of occupation. The right to sanction the appropriation of such land for such purposes in unalienated villages vests in the Government under Section 39 of the Land Revenue Code. It stands to reason that the Inamdar being in the position of Government in regard to an alienated village, he must be regarded as having a similar right as regards lands in such village. An Inamdar getting his village surveyed and settled does not forfeit that right. In Government villages Gomal lands are freely given out for cultivation, sometimes after enquiry as to communal requirements of the villagers, and at other times with due regard to demands for cultivable lands, the latter consideration being given the preference. I am not aware of any rule under which an assignment of free pasturage is absolute and unalterable. That being so, I would not apply a different set of considerations to the holders of alienated villages.

All that seems required is that the rate of assessment of the Gomal land proposed to be given out for

for cultivation shall not be fixed by the Inamdar without previous reference to the Survey Department.

26/3/03

03701

10.VIII.03

11/8/03

C.H.L.

Matter for Council Meeting.

Subject.

A draft order directing that in alienated villages, which has been Surveyed and Settled, land set apart for free grazing shall not be allowed to be given out cultivation before obtaining the previous orders of Govt.

3574

Please circulate

Circulated to Councillors.

23.VIII.03

By Order,

_____ 190 _____ Secretary.

Name.	Remarks by the Councillor.
V. P. Madhava Rao, Esq., C.I.E., First Councillor.	Already Seen by Councillors & the O
Sent on _____	Ordered the file
Received on _____	before a meeting
C. Sreenivasiengar, Esq., Second Councillor.	88
Sent on _____	12-803
Received on _____	

R 15/8/03
C/18

MGCPB—300—28-11-02.

P.T.O.

The question is not capable of easy solution. The draft order prepared in accordance with my remarks dated 1st August 1901 might have been issued & it would not be hurt anybody. Any pronouncement sort on the question would be the thin end for widespread encroachment the Mamdars on the long enjoyed rights of their ryots in regard to grazing & other Communal privileges. However a question as to the right Mamdars has been raised I have no hesitation in saying that in regard to assessed lands Sec 55 L.R.C. would apply and the Mamdar can make his own terms with his tenants as to the rent payable on them. Regarding assessed lands reserved for communal purposes I do not see how we can restrict his liberty in regard to granting them for cultivation. If the rights of the ryots are in any way affected thereby they have their remedy in the Civil Courts.

This is my view of the law, but as remarked above I would in view of the mischief likely to be worked by a general ruling on the subject leave the general question alone & pass an order on the

Supplement to the Proceedings of the Council of His Highness the Maharaja conducted at the 37th Meeting of the Council held at Bangalore on Friday the 14th August 1903.

--+++++++--

P R E S E N T.

1. Sir P.N. Krishna Murti K.C.I.E. - Dewan (Presiding).
2. V.P. Madhava Rao Esq, C.I.E. - First Councillor.
3. C. Sreenivasiengar Esq,. - Second Councillor.

--++++++++++--

I. Subject - (Clause 4 of the Rules of Business).

A draft order directing that in alienated villages which have been surveyed and settled, lands set apart for free grazing should not be given out for cultivation before obtaining the previous orders of Government.

Opinions of the Dewan & Councillors are as noted below:-

First Councillor's opinion.

"The question is not capable of easy solution. The draft order prepared in accordance with my remarks dated 11th August 1901 might have been issued and it would not have hurt any body. Any pronouncement by Government on this question will be the signal for widespread encroachment by the Inamdars on the long enjoyed rights of their ryots in regard to free grazing and other communal privileges."

As however a question as to the rights of Inamdars has been raised I have no hesitation in saying that in regard to unassessed lands Section 85 Land Revenue Code would apply, and the Inamdar can make his own terms with his tenants as to the rent payable on them. Regarding assessed lands assigned for Gomal I do not see how we can restrict

his liberty in regard to granting them for cultivation. If the rights of the ryots are in any way affected thereby they have their remedy in the Civil Courts."

"This is my view of the law, but as remarked above I would in view of the mischief likely to be worked by a general ruling on the subject leave the general question above and pass an order on the application of the Sulekuppe Kayamguttadar (Tumkur District) granting his prayer."

Second Councillor's opinion.

The Second Councillor adheres to his opinion given in para 1 of his note of the 26th March 1903 and says that an Inamdar is not bound to obtain Government sanction to grant gomal land in his village for cultivation, and that he can also settle his own terms with the grantee.

The note referred to is as follows:-

"I am unable to agree with the First Councillor about the order proposed to be issued. I do not think this is a case for Government interference, except in regard to the determination of the rate of assessment. Gomal land is land the assessment of which is held in abeyance till such time as it is required for purposes of occupation. The right to sanction the appropriation of such land for such purposes in unalienated villages vests in the Government under Sec-tion 39 of the Land Revenue Code. It stands to reason that the Inamdar being in the position of Government in regard to an alienated village, he must be regarded as having a similar right as regards lands in such village. An Inamdar getting his village surveyed and settled does not forfeit that right. In Government villages Gomal lands are freely given out for cultivation, sometimes after enquiry as to

communal requirements of the villagers, and at other times with due regard to demands for cultivable lands, the latter consideration being given the preference. I am not aware of any rule under which an assignment of free pasturage is absolute and unalterable. That being so, I would not apply a different set of considerations to the holders of alienated villages."

Dewan's opinion.

"I give my opinion with some reserve in this matter, but my view of the law regarding the rights and liabilities of Inamdars coincides with those of the Councillors. Such being the case the question is whether the disposal of any case should be inconsistent with this view and will the Government be justified in pursuing a course which can be resisted by any Inamdar who knows his rights. An open policy commends itself to me as being the best. If the mis--chief apprehended by the First Councillor grows, the remedy lies in legislation and Government has always the power to enact any necessary law."

Sd/- P.N. Krishna Murti.

Dewan of Mysore.

For Secretary

Submitted to His Highness.

The application of the holder of the Kayemgutta Village of Sulekuppe in the Kunigal Taluk of the Tumkur District, for the fixing of assessment on certain Gomal lands in his village, which he wishes to give out for cultivation, has given rise to a general question as to whether an Inamdar can do so on his own account without the previous sanction of Government. There seems to be considerable uncertainty on this point in Bombay also. Col. Grant's reply to the reference made by Government goes over this ground. Section 39 of the Mysore Revenue Code requires the previous sanction of Government for the appropriation in unalienated villages for cultivation of Gomal and other lands set apart for special purposes. But as explained in my note of 21-2-1900, it is very doubtful whether Section 39 under which alone such assessment is justifiable is at all applicable to an alienated village. But that question is not directly raised in this case. The point, however, now for consideration relates not to the rights of the residents of Inam villages regarding the Gomal land but to an Inamdar's obligation to obtain the previous sanction of Government to divert a Gomal land from village pasture to cultivation. With regard to this matter there is no difference in the Council and all of us are agreed to hold that this right is vested in the Inamdar under the present law. It stands to reason as the 2nd Councillor remarks that " the Inamdar being in the position

of Government in regard to an alienated village, he must be regarded as having a similar right as regards lands in such village. An Inamdar getting his village surveyed and settled does not forfeit that right. In Government villages Gomal lands are freely given out for cultivation, sometimes after enquiry as to communal requirements of the villagers and at other times with due regard to demands for cultivable lands, the latter consideration being given the preference". The 1st Councillor also agrees that no restriction can be placed on the Inamdar's right in this respect, but is of opinion that any definite pronouncement on the part of Government in favour of Inamdars will lead to considerable encroachment on the communal privileges of their villages. I am, however, opposed to this policy and would seek the remedy when it is called for by legislation and not by hesitating to state openly the proper construction of the law as it stands and to apply it to this case. If the mischief grows, the remedy in my opinion lies in legislation, and Government have always the power of enacting any necessary law. The 1st Councillor's proposed order, if it had been issued, would have virtually amounted to a revenue ruling opposed to the present unanimous opinion of the Council, in asmuch as it makes the liberty of the Inamdar to giving out pasture lands for cultivation contingent upon his obtaining the previous sanction of Government. Under the circumstances a revised draft order is submitted for the approval of His Highness.

I am sorry for the delay in submitting this matter.

21.XI.03

Record of Case submitted for the orders of His Highness the Maharaja.

DATE 22.11.03
No 1174

Subject.

Whether lands set apart for free grazing in alienated villages, which have been surveyed and settled, should not be allowed to be given out for cultivation before obtaining the previous orders of Government.

DATE 25.11.03
No 1281

Order.

It is much to be regretted that Govt have not the power to interfere in the matter, but granted that they have not the order proposed by the Dewan seems to me the right one.

With regard to legislation I presume that interference would necessarily be restricted to villages brought under Survey Settlement and an enactment such as proposed might tend to prevent Inamdars getting their villages settled, which would be an undesirable result. The matter is one that requires to be carefully watched is the responsibility of Govt for the well

5.11.03

being of Inamdars rights must not be weakened or ignored. I think that the 2nd Councillor's observation that the Inamdar is "in the position of Govt in regard to an alienated village" is not one that can be accepted without reservation.

K R W

24/11/03

Facing Sheet for Cases included in the schedule appended to Notification No. 36 of the 8th August 1902.

Subject— Grant of gomal lands for cultivation in alienated villages —

	Date.	Initial of Officer himself or responsible Deputy.
Received in the Secretariat	26.9.02	
Submitted to Secretary	7.10.02	
Submitted by Secretary to Dewan ~~or Councillor in charge~~	9.10.02	
Returned to Secretary	24.10.02	
Circulated by Secretary for Council ...	26.10.02	
Forwarded by 1st Councillor	28.10.02	
Sub'd by 2nd Councillor -	16.3.03	
Forwarded by 2nd Councillor	16-3-03	
Received in Secretariat from the Dewan — ...	10.8.03	
Considered in Council	14.8.03	
Submitted to the Dewan	1.9.03	
Submitted to His Highness	22.11.03	
Orders passed by His Highness	24.11.03	
Final Orders issued	30.11.03	
Circulated to Councillors	7.12.03	18/12/1903
Passed on by the Councillor		
Returned to Secretary by Councillor ...	11-1-04	

3L/ 1585 3/1

1827 98 1899 2959

From The Deputy Commr
Trincomalee District.

To The Secretary to the
Govt of Ceylon, Genl &
Rev: Depts. —

Dated 24th August 1897

Despatched 25th

Received

General No. 195
No.

Enclosure No. 1 Ver: file
Submits Vernacular
Correspondence Connected with Assessment of
certain Lands set
apart at the Settlement
for communal justice Kayen
putta village of Sulé
Kuppe in the Municipal
Limits and begs to be
instructed whether the
Kayenputtadars's
Application should
not be Complied with

Rev 26/8/97

Tumkur District

No 195

Rec: Ver: file Deputy Commissioner's office

Dated, Tumkur, 24th August 1897.

To

The Secretary to the
Government of Mysore, General
and Revenue Departments

Sir,

The holder of the Kayem-
gutta village of Sulé Kappé in the
Kunigal Taluk to which the Survey
settlement has been extended, having
applied for the assessment of certain
numbers set apart at the settlement
for Gomal, in order that he may
give them out for purposes of culti-
-vation, the Survey Superintendent
was written to for the needful being
done in the matter. In reply, he
states that the sanction of Govern-
-ment is required for the appro-
-priation of the Gomal numbers
for purposes of cultivation in the
same manner as in Government
villages. In submitting the

Vernacular Correspondence Connected with the subject, I beg to be instructed whether the Kayengattadarś application should not be Complied with, without regard to any objection that may be raised by the villagers thereto, and whether Government sanction is necessary in such cases.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient Servant

M. Narain Rao

Deputy Commissioner
Trunkúr District

E.V.

ಪುಣಾ ನಗರ ಕಾಂಟೆಯಿಂದ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕಂಟ ಶೂಲ್ಕ ವಸೂಲಿ ಮಾಡುವ

ಕಾಯಿದೆಯ ಕಲಂ 29-73 ಕ್ಕೆ ಅನುಸರಿಸಿ ಸದರಿ ಕಂಪನಿಯವರು

ಪಿರ್ಯಾದಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡಬೇಕಾಗಿರುವ ಸುಂಕದ ಹಣವನ್ನು

ಕೊಡಿಸಿಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಕೋರಿ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಅರ್ಜಿ,

1 ಪಿರ್ಯಾದಿಯು ಪುಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ವಾಸವಾಗಿದ್ದು ವ್ಯಾಪಾರ 6-7-1895 ಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ

ಅಳತೆ -

2 ಸದರಿಯವರು ಪುಣೆಯಿಂದ ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಕಳುಹಿಸಿಕೊಡುವಂತೆ ಬಿಲ್ಲನ್ನು

ದಿ 3-8-1895 ಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಕರಪತ್ರವನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟರು -

3 1895 ನೇ ಇಸವಿ ಆಗಸ್ಟ್ 3 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಶೂಲ್ಕ ವಸೂಲಿ ಮಾಡುವ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳ

ಸ್ಥಳವನ್ನು ಬಿಡಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಹೋಗಲು ಬಿಡಲಿಲ್ಲ — ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು

ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡ ಮೇಲೆ ಶುಲ್ಕ ಕೊಡಲು ಕರಪತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೇಳಿದಂತೆ

4 ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಹೋಗಲು ಬಿಡಲಿಲ್ಲ ಮತ್ತು ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು

ಇಡಲಿಲ್ಲ — ಹಾಗಾಗಿ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಕೆಲವು ಕರಪತ್ರಗಳನ್ನು

ಪಿರ್ಯಾದಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಕೊಡಲಿಲ್ಲ —

5 ಕಾಂ ಅಸಿ.ಲೆ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ

ಪತ್ರವನ್ನು 17-7-95 ಕ್ಕೆ ಬರೆದೆ —

1 ಕಾಂ ಅಸಿ.ಲೆ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯವರು ತಮ್ಮ ಪತ್ರ

ದಿನಾಂಕ 13-8-1895 ಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ 742 ನೇ

ಪತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಪಿರ್ಯಾದಿಯವರು ತಿಳಿಸಿದ ವಿಷಯಗಳನ್ನು

ಬಾಂಬೆಯಲ್ಲಿನ ಶಾಖೆಯ ದಿನಾಂಕ 22-1-96 ಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ 1114 ನೇ

ಪತ್ರದಿಂದ ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಸದರಿ ಪತ್ರದ ದಿನಾಂಕ 29-1-96 ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ

462 ನೇ ಪತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಮಾನುಗಳನ್ನು ಪುಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ

ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ ದಿನಾಂಕ 4-2-1896 ಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ 900 ನೇ

ಪಿ-2 ಹಾಜರಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದೆ

8 — ಕೊಲೆಯ ದಾಖಲೆ 2-11-96 ಕ್ಕೆ ಪುಟ್ಟ 691
ಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಕ್ತಾಯ ಮಾಡಿ, ಆಯಿತು ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು
ಹೊರ ಹಾಕಿದರು 18/19-11-96 ಕ್ಕೆ ಪುಟ್ಟ 575 —
ಪುಟ್ಟ 10/11-12-96 ಕ್ಕೆ ಪುಟ್ಟ 627 ಕ್ಕೆ
ಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಕ್ತಾಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದೆ ——

9 — ಸಾಲದ ಪಂಥ ಪ್ರಾಮಿಸರಿ ನೋಟ್ ——

10 — ಆ ಪುಟ್ಟ ದಾಖಲೆ 10-2-96 ಕ್ಕೆ ಪುಟ್ಟ
441 ಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಕ್ತಾಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದೆ
ಆದೇಶಂತೆ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟಿದೆ ಆ ದಾಖಲೆ
ಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದು 19-10-96 ಕ್ಕೆ ಪುಟ್ಟ 192 ಕ್ಕೆ
ಮುಕ್ತಾಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ——

11 ಆಯಿತು ದಾಖಲೆ ಪ್ರತಿ 31-12-96 ಕ್ಕೆ ಪುಟ್ಟ 383
ಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು ಪುಟ್ಟ ಆದೇಶ ದಾಖಲೆ
ಆಯಿತು ಲಾಯರ್ ಪಂಥ ದಿನ 19-12-96
ಕ್ಕೆ ಪುಟ್ಟ 296 ಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಕ್ತಾಯ ಪ್ರತಿಯನ್ನು

12 — 2-1-97 ಕ್ಕೆ ಪುಟ್ಟ 968 ಕ್ಕೆ ನಿಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ್ದು
ಲಾಯರ್ ಪ್ರತಿ ಪುಟ್ಟ ಆಯಿತು. ಪುಟ್ಟ ಆಯಿತು
28/29-5-97 ಕ್ಕೆ ಪುಟ್ಟ 1025 ಕ್ಕೆ ನಿಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ್ದು
ಮುಕ್ತಾಯ ಪ್ರತಿ ——

13-31-5-97 ಕ್ಕೆ ಪುಟ್ಟ 2115 ಕ್ಕೆ ನಿಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ್ದು

14- 25-3-1901 ರಂದು ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ್ನ ಭೂಮಿಯ ಪಶ್ಚಿಮ ಭಾಗವು
ಸೂರ್ಯನಿಂದ ಬಹಳ ದೂರ ಇರುವುದರಿಂದ
ಸೂರ್ಯನು ಪೂರ್ವದಲ್ಲಿ ಉದಯಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಕಾಣುವುದು ——

15- ಕಾಲಚಂದ 17-2-1901 ಸೂರ್ಯನ ಉದಯಾಸ್ತ ಕುರಿತು
ಭೂಮಿಯ ಪಶ್ಚಿಮ ಭಾಗವು ಸೂರ್ಯನಿಂದ ದೂರವಿರುವುದರಿಂದ
ಸೂರ್ಯನು ಪೂರ್ವದಲ್ಲಿ ಉದಯಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಕಾಣುವುದು.

16 — ಉದಯ — ಸೂರ್ಯ ——

17 — 25-3-1901 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಪೂರ್ವದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾಣುವ
ಸೂರ್ಯ ——

18 — ಭೂಮಿಯ ದಿಕ್ಕು —— 7 ನೇ ಸೂತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ

19 — 12-4-97 ರ ಸೂರ್ಯೋದಯದ ಸಮಯ
ಸೂರ್ಯನ ಪ್ರಭಾವದಿಂದ ಪಶ್ಚಿಮದಲ್ಲಿ —

20 — ಸೂರ್ಯನ ದಿಕ್ಕು — (29 ನೇ ಸೂತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ)

21 — 29 ನೇ ಸೂತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಪೂರ್ವದಲ್ಲಿ

22 — 20-3-97 ರ ಸೂರ್ಯೋ 4.9 ರಲ್ಲಿ
ಭೂಮಿಯ ಪಶ್ಚಿಮ ಭಾಗವು ಸೂರ್ಯನಿಂದ

23 — ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಸೂರ್ಯೋದಯ
ಮತ್ತು ಸೂರ್ಯಾಸ್ತ ಆಗುವುದು 30/ದಿನ

ಇಂತಿ

By
Mahanandaiah
Asst Shirastadar

[illegible]

[illegible]

15 [illegible]

29 3269 73 38626

[illegible]

1 [illegible]

1 [illegible]

1 [illegible]

1 [illegible]

1 [illegible]

1 [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] 1895 [illegible]

[illegible]

3269 [illegible] 73 [illegible] 38626

[illegible]

5

7

3692

18-10-25

17:10:25

$$\frac{70-35}{92-38} = \frac{}{}$$

Antonio Cardoso
Auildan

Dt 22.1.1996.

Mr Narasimha Rao
Offg Deputy Commr

1.2.96

1142

6757
3-2-96

4/2/96

Offg Deputy Commr

Thanthai Periyar Nagar, Salem-636 007.

Dated: 2-11-96

To

The Secretary,
Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission,
Frazer Bridge Road,
Chennai-600 003.

Sir,

Sub: Applications for the post of Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce (Industrial Estates) in the Tamil Nadu Industrial Development Service - Reg.

Ref: Your Notification No. 742/710 dated 13.10.96.

I am submitting herewith the application for the post of Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce (Industrial Estates) in the Tamil Nadu Industrial Development Service. I am working as Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce (Industrial Estates), Salem. I have completed 5 years of service in the cadre of Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce (Industrial Estates) as on 1.7.96. I am eligible for the post.

Yours faithfully,

Thanthai Periyar Nagar, Salem-636 007.

Dated: 18.11.96.

To

The Secretary,
Tamil Nadu Public Service Commission,
Frazer Bridge Road,
Chennai-600 003.

Sir,

Sub: Applications for the post of Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce (Industrial Estates) in the Tamil Nadu Industrial Development Service - Reg.

Ref: Your Notification No. 742/710 dated 13.10.96.

I am submitting herewith the application for the post of Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce (Industrial Estates) in the Tamil Nadu Industrial Development Service. I am working as Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce (Industrial Estates), Salem. I have completed 5 years of service in the cadre of Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce (Industrial Estates) as on 1.7.96. I am eligible for the post.

Yours faithfully,

9.12.96

1644
10/12/96

9-12-96

627

6523

10.12.96

16-1-96

6.3.96

for Divisional Engineer

26

975

8343 874

1432

12	8-31
17	1-38
50	1-5
81	18-8
84	1-30
90	0-31
91	18-12
7	50-35

[illegible]

15 384

22-2-901
1-79

185/1

ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು 17-2-[illegible]

Khanda

ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ :

ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯ ಸ್ಥಿರಾಸ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಸಾಲಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಅಡವಿಡುವ ಅಧಿಕಾರವನ್ನು

ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಹಣಾಧಿಕಾರಿಯವರಿಗೆ ನೀಡಿದ್ದು (ಅನುಮೋದನೆ)

ಸಹಿ

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

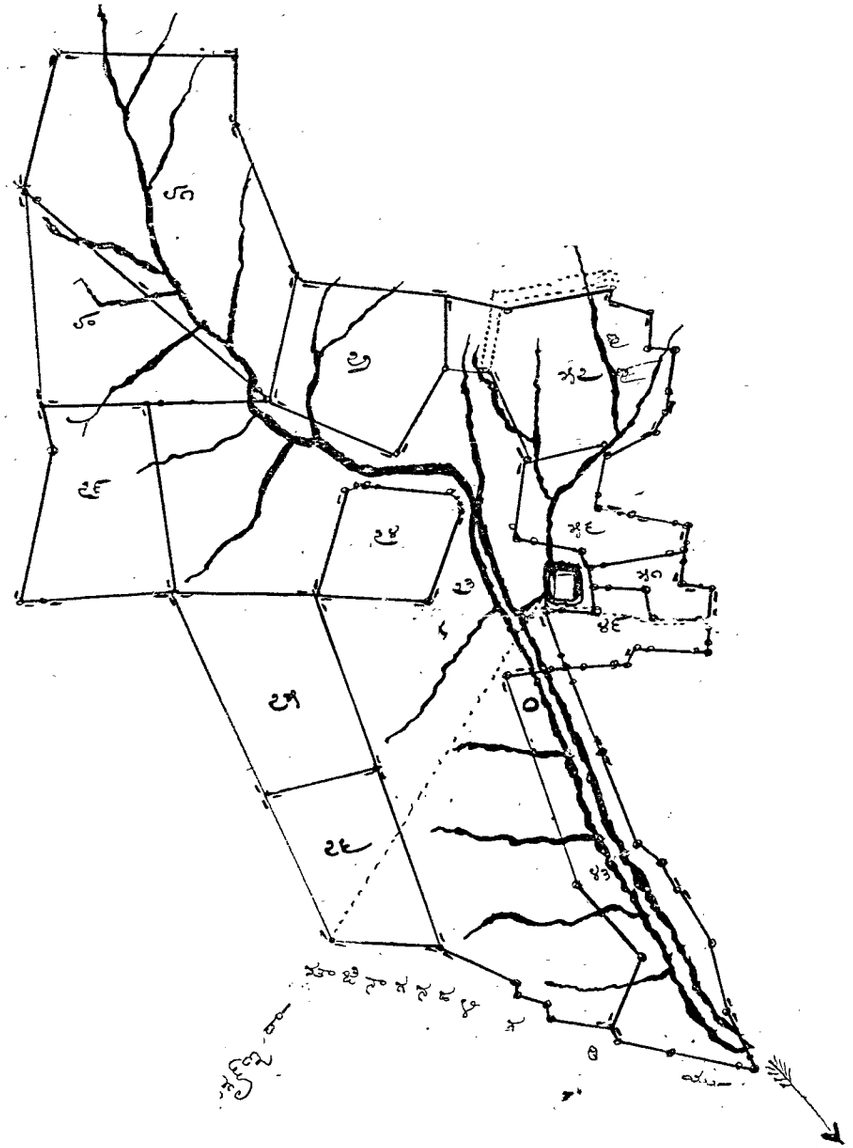
[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]



ಕ್ಷಾಯುಂಗುಕ್ಕಾ ಮವುಜ ಬಾ-ಳ್ಳೇಕುಪ್ಪಿ

ಧಾ-ಮುಕ ಕೊಂಕ್ಕೆ ಕೆಳೆ-

ಳ್ಳೇ 527 ಕೆಳುಕ್ಕೆ ಎಂಬಳೆ ಕಲುಂ-ಡಲ್

(-ಳ್ಳೇಲ್)

ಸುಬೈ ~~ಸುಬೈ~~ ನಿಲು ಎಳುಕೆಲ್ಕೆಳುವದು ಸ್ಮ ಮಳ್ಳೆಕ್ಕೆ ಗಂ-ದಸಂ ಕಲುಕ್ಕೆಗೆ

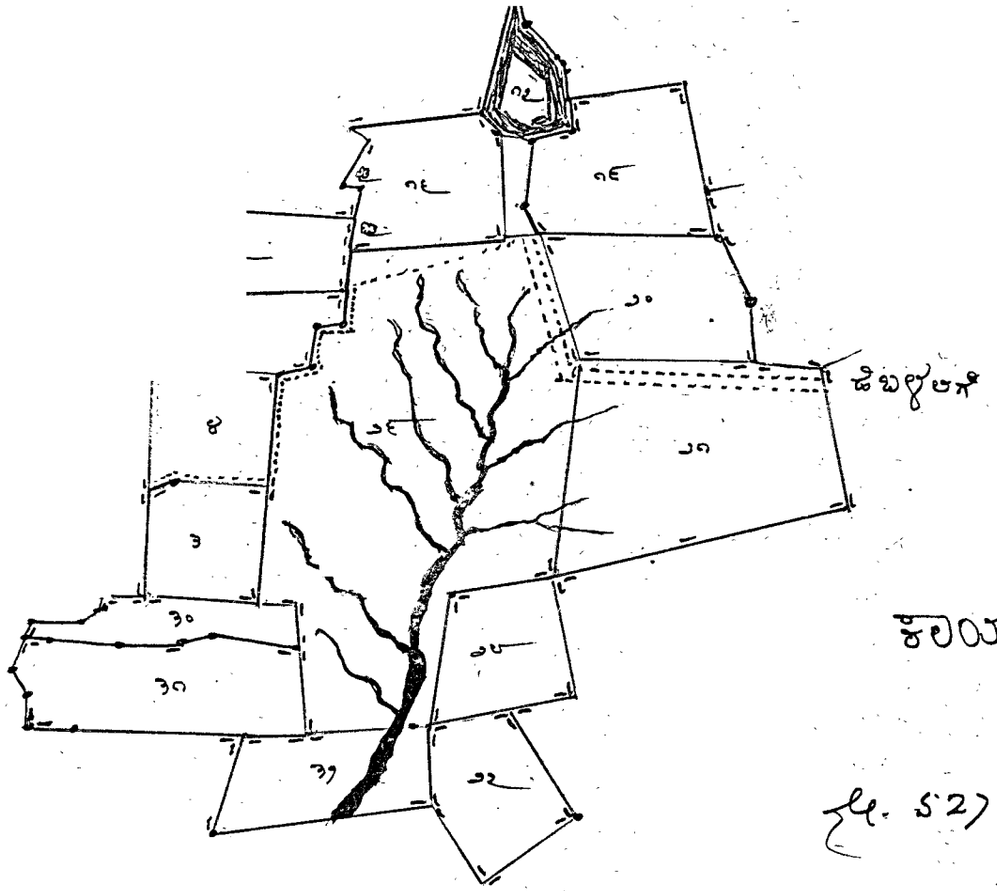
ಎಂಬಳೆಲು- ಸುಲಕ್ಕೆ ಕೆಳೆಕ್ಕೆ ನಿಲುಸಕ್ಕೆಲು ಕೂಂಕಿಕ್ಕೆ ಸ್ಮ ಅಲ್ಲಕ್ಕೆ ಕಕಕ

ಳ್ಳೇಂಬಳೆಲು- ~~ಸುಬೈ~~ ಸುಲಕ್ಕೆಳ್ಳೆಕೊಂಕ್ಕೆಳುವದು. ಕಕಂಕಲ್ಕೆ ಕೆಳೆ ಎಲೆ

ತಂಬಿಲಿಂಕ್ಕೆಸಂಕ ಸುಲಂಕ್ಕೆ, ಎಂಬದು ಕೆಲಿಕುಲಸುಳ್ಳೆಕೊಂಬಿಲುಲುಲು

ಮಳ್ಳೆಕ್ಕೆ ಸಲೆಂಕೆಲಿ ಎಲುಲು ಕ್ಕೆ ಎಲುಸಕ್ಕೆ ಕಲುಂ-ಡಲ್ ಕ್ಕೆ

ಸ್ಮ ಳ್ಳೇಲ್ಕೆ



ಕೆಲಯುಂಗುಕ್ಕಾ ಮವ್ವುಜಿಕ್ಕುಂಳ್ಳೋಕುವಿ-
ನಂಮಕ ಕೊಂಕ್ಕಕೆಳಿ-

ನೈ. ವ.2) ನೈಲಕ್ಕ್ಯಂಲಕೆಕ್ಕಲುಂ ತಕೆ-

ಕ ತಕೆಲಲ್ಲಲ್ಲುಂಕೆಂ

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2	5	4	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	.	5	4	5	8 ಎ
	7	ಎ	ಎ	.	ಎ	ಎ	7	ಎ	7	8 ಎ
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3	3	33	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	3	33	4	ಎ ಎ
4	4	15	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	.	4	45	5	ಎ ಎ
5	4	12	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	4	12	5	ಎ ಎ
6	4	13	ಎ	ಎ	.	ಎ	4	13	5	ಎ ಎ
16	5	3	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	5	3	5	8 ಎ
19	7	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	7	ಎ	8	ಎ ಎ
20	7	ಎ	ಎ	.	ಎ	.	7	ಎ	7	8 ಎ
21	12	35	ಎ	.	ಎ	ಎ	12	35	13	ಎ ಎ
28	4	18	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	ಎ	4	18	4	8 ಎ
27	4	11	ಎ	.	ಎ	ಎ	4	11	4	8 ಎ

12-4-97

23-3-97

7-4-97

27-4-97

E046
b-4-01

27/3/01

wrapper as per index

LR 27837 R

To

The Dy. Commr
Trincomalee District

Dated 5/12/01

No 5726 Ent V.P.
R 1954.

The Dy Commr's letter No 195 dated 24th August 1897, reporting that the Kaygunttadan of the village of Srikeppé in the Kuniya Palaw has applied that assessment of certain lands set apart at the Survey Settlement for Jomal be duly appointed in order to give them out for Cultivation and requesting instructions as to whether the Kaygunttadan's application should not be complied with & whether Govt Sanction is necessary in such cases.

In returning the necessary records received with the above for reference &

submission
honor to request that
by bearer will be
good enough to submit
further information
as to whether the Kazaq
Inttador is willing to
part apart any of his
assessed waste lands
for purposes of village
pasturage as it is on
the ground that they
are not suited for
cultivation that appli-
cation has been made to assess
village gomal land -
and that the number
of cattle in the village exclusive of
sheep and goats, should also be recorded.

By order

C
31-1-07

Secretary

4
2/1/01

copied 1/2/01

(General Serial No. 30.) 1900/1901

6911
15 901
14206

From The Dy Commissioner
Tumkur District

To The Secretary to the Govern-
-ment of Mysore
Genl & Rev. Departments

Dated 11th April 1901.
Despatched 13th

Received

General No. 938 } 1900-1901
No.

Enclosures Number. 1 file

His docket no: 5727 dated 5th Feb 1901.
1954

Submitting further information
in re, the application of the
Kayamguttadar of Sulekuppe,
Kunigal Taluk. for appropriating
certain gomal lands of that
village for cultivation purposes.

15.4.01

Refs put up
20/4/01

Subd with a note.
W.H.C. 22.4.01.

Tumkur District.

Tumkur 11th April 1901

No 938

To

The Secretary to the Government
of Mysore,
General & Revenue Departments.

In reply to your docket No 5727 of 1954
5th February 1901, calling for further in
formation in the matter of the application
the Kayemguttadar of Sulekuppe, Kunigal
Hunk, for appropriating certain gomal
lands of that village for purposes of culti
vation, I have the honor to state that,
from the Amildar's report, which gives
rise to the Kayemguttadar's statement
made on the 25th Ultimo, it would appear
that he is not willing to set apart any
of the Kharab Nos as gomal; that there
are no uncultivable waste numbers in
the village; that the 2 assessed Nos 77 and 78
which are unoccupied are cultivable
waste and cannot therefore be set apart
for grazing purposes; and that 7 Kharab
Nos, Viz; 12, 17, 50, 81, 84, 90 and 91 measuring
in all 50 acres and 35 guntas, have already
been set apart for free grazing.

out of the 2 Gomal Nos, which he first wished to have assessed viz: 29 and 73, the former may be caused to be assessed, as for the past 4 or 5 years, he has given it out for cultivation temporarily, the latter No being returned as Gomal.

3. There are in the village 290 head of cattle, besides 60 sheep and 560 goats

4. The vernacular records ending with the Kunigal Amildar's report No 301 of the Ultimo are, herewith, submitted for reference.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most Obedient Servant

for Dy-Commissioner.

WMM

LR. 21/5/07 4 yo.

The Superintendent,
Mysore Rev. Survey.

Dated 2nd July 1902.
Re Assignment
No. R 784

Adverting to his letter no
760 dated the 3rd may
1900, requesting a
further on certain
points in connection
with the right ~~of~~
~~Alienee~~ of the
holder of an alienated
village, to dispose of,
without the previous
sanction of Govt.,
~~of the~~ lands set apart
as free Ground by
the Survey Department
~~under section 3 of~~
~~the Land Rev. Code~~
has the honour to

request

LR. 2/5897 Y.O.

The Superintendent,
Mysore Rev. Survey.

Dated 2nd July 02.
No. R 784

Adverting to his letter no
760 dated the 3rd may
1900, requesting ~~a~~
further on certain
points in connection
with the right ~~of~~
~~of the~~ of the
holder of an alienated
village, to dispose of,
without the previous
sanction of Govt.,
~~of the~~ lands set apart
as free Ground by
the Survey Department
~~under section 3 of~~
~~the Land Rev. Code~~,
has the honour to
request

that the Chief of Mysore Revenue
request ~~is to be~~ so good
as to ~~communicate~~ state what
~~to this office, by~~
the practice prevail-
ing in the Bombay
Presidency is in such cases.
The latest information ~~may~~ available
may kindly be
furnished -

B.O.

for V 31/7/02
Secy.

mm
30/7/02

No 164

SLS

LR 27 of 99

Survey Superintendent's Office
Bangalore 23rd September 1902

From

Colonel J. P. Grant
Superintendent Mysore
Revenue Survey.

To

H. V. Sanjivadayya Esquire
Secretary to the Government of
Mysore Gen'l & Rev. Depts.

Sir,

I have the honor to sub-
=mit my reply to your Docket
No 784 dated 2nd August 1902
on the subject of the practice
in Bombay in connection
with the right of the holder of
an alienated village to dispose
of free pasturage lands without

the

the sanction of Government. My reply has been delayed pending certain enquiries I had to make regarding the Bombay practice in such cases.

2. I am led to believe that it is only in cases in which a Survey and assessment had been fixed and an agreement taken from the Inamdar that he would levy only the rates fixed by the Survey that, in Bombay, an Inamdar would be bound to levy only such rates. Such agreements are not common and are entered into sometimes when an Inamdar wishes to get a Commission under Bombay Section 88 (Mysore 99) The legal effect of such an

agreement which is between Govern-
=ment and the Inamdar seems
doubtful as to its binding nature
when a third party comes in, but
it is certain that if an Inamdar
sued his tenants in a village in
which such an agreement had
been made the Mamlatdar would
decree only according to the Survey
rates Moreover an Inamdar who
had a Commission under Section
88 (Mysore 99) would be liable to
have his Commission cancelled if
he did not observe his agreement.
It is thus evident that even in
Bombay the question of an
Inamdar's right to let out the
waste lands if his village at
other than Survey rates is not one
free from some doubt.

3. As regards the right of an Inamdar to give out, without previous sanction of Government, lands which had been assigned as gomal under Section 39 (Mysore) there is I believe no ruling in Bombay which requires, as in Mysore, that Government sanction is required before gomal lands are given out even in the case of Government villages. Section 38 (Mysore) applies to unalienated lands only, as does also Section 39 (Bombay). The Bombay Section (39) gives power to the Commissioner while the powers of Mysore Section (38) are exercised by Government. I am informed that in Bombay when the Code

is

is amended the powers of Section 39 will be exercised by the Collector.

4. It appears to me evident that neither in Bombay nor in Mysore are the rights of an Inamdar in regard to dealing with the Gomal land of his village, or with the unoccupied land of his village generally, clearly laid down. I would invite attention to page 212 of Sathe's Land Revenue Code Edition and the Para under the heading "Fixing of Survey rates for Inam villages. Even here — although the Governer in Council condemns the adoption of any principle in the case of Inam village different from that followed in in the case of Government —

villages

villages, the question is still not
clear.

5 It is extremely important to
both the Inamdar and to the
Ryot that doubt should not exist.
In Mysore Section 237 gives the Ryots
of an alienated or kainzutta
village into which a Survey Settle-
=ment has been introduced, the
same rights as occupants and
registered occupants but if land
assigned as free pasturage, an
inherent part of the Survey Settlement,
can be let out for cultivation at
the pleasure of the Inamdar and
if the Ryots cannot obtain waste
land for cultivation as in Govern-
=ment villages then the position
of the Inamdar's Ryots would be

very

very different from that of a Ryot in a Government village. As regards the free pasturage question, Section 119 of the Code would prohibit any change being made without the Deputy Commissioner's sanction or at any rate his knowledge, in the village records. At the introduction of the Survey Settlement all lands granted as free pasturage are duly recorded.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obet servant

L. P. Smith

Supt Mysore Rev. Survey

LR 21 of 1902

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

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Read:-

Correspondence ending with letter No. 938 dated 11th April 1901 from the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, soliciting instructions as to whether sanction of Government is necessary in cases where the holder of an alienated village, to which survey and settlement has been introduced, wishes to appropriate for cultivation purposes, lands set apart at the Survey Settlement for Gomal and reporting that the Kayemguttadar of Sulekuppe in the Kunigal Taluk prays that Survey No. 29 (Gomal) measuring 32 acres, 9 guntas of the said village may be caused to be assessed.

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Rio R ~~372-01~~

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Order thereon

Section 39 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code requires the previous sanction of Government for the appropriation in unalienated villages for cultivation of Gomal and other lands set

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